As counties across the state start to open up after weeks of sheltering in place, Californians overwhelmingly support public health recommendations to continue managing the spread of COVID-19, according to the latest tracking poll from CHCF and survey firm Ipsos.

The poll was conducted last weekend while thousands of Californians took to the streets to bring attention to racial inequality in the US.

Ninety-five percent of Californians agree that people who test positive for COVID-19 should be required to isolate themselves until they are no longer contagious (see Figure 1, page 2). The poll also found that the vast majority of Californians believe that people who experience prolonged exposure to someone infected with COVID-19 should be required to quarantine themselves.

Agreement on both points is strong across racial and ethnic groups as well as among Californians with low incomes. Blacks and Latinos make up a disproportionate number of the COVID-19 cases and deaths in California, especially among those under the age of 65.

CHCF/Ipsos asked three questions to assess attitudes about the current rules and orders regarding COVID-19 in California. Nearly 9 in 10 Californians “strongly” or “somewhat” agree that they understand the reasons for the current rules regarding COVID-19, and about the same proportion agree the rules are necessary to limit the spread of COVID-19. Finally, 38% of Californians agree with the statement that the rules and orders in California regarding COVID-19 “go too far.”

In order for people who are sick with COVID-19 to isolate themselves, they need to physically separate themselves from others at home — ideally by using a separate bedroom and a separate bathroom. CHCF and Ipsos asked Californians about their capacity to do so.

Twenty-three percent of Californians live alone and therefore can isolate themselves (see Figure 2, page 3). Fifty-nine percent say they have access to a separate bedroom, including the 41% who have a separate bedroom and bathroom. Among Californians with low incomes, 20% say they live alone. Fifty percent say they have access to a separate bedroom, including the 18% who also have access to both a separate bedroom and bathroom. Fourteen percent of all Californians and 20% of Californians with low incomes do not have access to a separate bedroom.
Figure 1. Level of Agreement, All Californians Compared to Subgroups

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Strongly agree</th>
<th>Somewhat agree</th>
<th>Somewhat disagree</th>
<th>Strongly disagree</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>People who have tested positive for COVID-19 should be required to self-isolate/self-quarantine until they have recovered and are no longer contagious.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Californians                                                          80%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californians with low incomes                                            78%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black                                                                     81%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian                                                                     84%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino                                                                    78%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White                                                                     80%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anyone who has been exposed for a prolonged period of time to a person known to be infected with COVID-19 should be required to self-isolate/self-quarantine.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Californians                                                          72%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californians with low incomes                                            73%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black                                                                     71%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian                                                                     73%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino                                                                    77%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White                                                                     68%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>I understand the reasons for the current rules and orders regarding COVID-19 here in California.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Californians                                                          64%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californians with low incomes                                            66%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black                                                                     72%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian                                                                     71%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino                                                                    67%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White                                                                     57%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>The current rules and orders in California are necessary to limit the spread of COVID-19 infections.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Californians                                                          63%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californians with low incomes                                            65%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black                                                                     70%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian                                                                     70%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino                                                                    69%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White                                                                     54%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>11.5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree, or strongly disagree with the following statements?

THE CURRENT RULES AND ORDERS IN CALIFORNIA REGARDING COVID-19 GO TOO FAR.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>All Californians</th>
<th>Californians with low incomes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Strongly agree</td>
<td>Somewhat agree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.

If you needed to separate yourself from others in your home due to coronavirus infection, which of the following comes closest to describing your situation at home?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>All Californians</th>
<th>Californians with low incomes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Live alone</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to separate bedroom and separate bathroom</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to separate bedroom but not separate bathroom</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>32%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No access to separate bedroom</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not sure / Other</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figures 1 and 2:
Notes: The margin of error is +/- 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.
Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Nearly three months after the initiation of COVID-19 containment efforts, significant majorities of Californians continue to say they follow recommended behaviors to slow the spread of the new coronavirus, and the percentage reporting such compliance has been stable for several weeks.

Seventy-eight percent say they avoid unnecessary trips out of the home “all” or “most of the time” (see Figure 3). White respondents are significantly more likely to say they avoid unnecessary trips “some of the time” or “none of the time.” In regard to other public health behaviors:

- 86% of Californians say they routinely wear a mask in public spaces all or most of the time. Latinos and
Californians with low incomes are significantly more likely to wear a mask in public spaces all the time.

- 92% say they stay at least six feet away from others in public spaces all or most of the time. Latinos are significantly more likely to report maintaining six feet of distance at all times. White Californians are significantly more likely to report maintaining social distance some or none of the time.

- 90% say they frequently wash their hands with soap and water all or most of the time. Californians with low incomes are the most likely to report washing their hands all the time.

Figure 3. Frequency of Various Tasks, All Californians, by Survey Date and Race/Ethnicity, continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In the last seven days, how often did you do the following:</th>
<th>All of the time</th>
<th>Most of the time</th>
<th>Some of the time</th>
<th>None of the time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STAY AT LEAST SIX FEET AWAY FROM OTHERS IN PUBLIC SPACES?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 5</td>
<td>58%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 22</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 8</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 22</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BY ETHNICITY, JUNE 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH YOUR HANDS FREQUENTLY WITH SOAP AND WATER?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 5</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 22</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 8</td>
<td>72%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 22</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BY ETHNICITY, JUNE 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>69%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>68%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>5.3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: The margin of error is +/- 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding. Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Seven percent of Californians say they have been tested for COVID-19 in the past week, and this week 11% said they would like the test (see Figure 5, page 7).

As in previous rounds of the tracking poll, the majority of Californians say they don’t think they need to get tested, and few Californians report trying and failing to get a COVID-19 test.

The share of Californians seeing health care providers by phone or video — a service mode known as telehealth — appears to have stabilized (Figure 6, page 8). This week, 8% of Californians say they had a telehealth appointment in the last seven days. This is similar to the last two polls CHCF/Ipsos conducted in May and up significantly from tracking polls conducted at the beginning of the pandemic. More than 9% of Californians say they have seen a provider in person, an increase from prior weeks.

More than 8 in 10 Californians say they would be “very” or “somewhat” comfortable with a telehealth appointment (see Figure 4). Support is strong across all income, racial, and ethnic groups, although Latinos (70%) were less likely than Blacks (91%) or Asians (91%) to say they would be comfortable with a phone or video appointment. Seventy percent of Californians with low incomes say they would be comfortable.

The survey found 71% of Californians say their mental health was “about the same” in the previous seven days as it was before (see Figure 7, page 9). This response is largely unchanged from two weeks ago, when 69% said their mental health was about the same. Fourteen percent of Californians say their mental health has gotten “a little” or “a lot” worse in the past week.

**Figure 4. Level of Comfort About Telehealth, All Californians Compared to Subgroups**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Very comfortable</th>
<th>Somewhat comfortable</th>
<th>Somewhat uncomfortable</th>
<th>Very uncomfortable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Californians</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californians with low incomes</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>9.4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latino</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: The margin of error is ± 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Most Californians Want Quarantine for People Exposed to Coronavirus

Notes: The margin of error is +/- 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Figure 6. Experience with Overall Health Care, All Californians Compared to Subgroups, by Survey Date

Notes: The margin of error is +/- 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Figure 7. Change in Mental Health, All Californians Compared to Subgroups, by Survey Date

In thinking of the last seven days, how has your mental health changed, if at all?

**ALL CALIFORNIANS**

- **March 31**
  - Improved a lot: 2.1%
  - Improved a little: 6.3%
  - About the same: 69%
  - Gotten a little worse: 15%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 4.5%

- **May 8**
  - Improved a lot: 3.4%
  - Improved a little: 6.8%
  - About the same: 70%
  - Gotten a little worse: 15%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 9%

- **May 22**
  - Improved a lot: 4.3%
  - Improved a little: 8.6%
  - About the same: 69%
  - Gotten a little worse: 15%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 9%

- **June 5**
  - Improved a lot: 4.5%
  - Improved a little: 9%
  - About the same: 71%
  - Gotten a little worse: 17%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 2.3%

**CALIFORNIANS WITH LOW INCOMES**

- **March 31**
  - Improved a lot: 1.9%
  - Improved a little: 6%
  - About the same: 70%
  - Gotten a little worse: 13%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 7.8%

- **May 8**
  - Improved a lot: 7.3%
  - Improved a little: 9.9%
  - About the same: 65%
  - Gotten a little worse: 15%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 11%

- **May 22**
  - Improved a lot: 7.8%
  - Improved a little: 11%
  - About the same: 63%
  - Gotten a little worse: 14%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 8.3%

- **June 5**
  - Improved a lot: 11%
  - Improved a little: 6%
  - About the same: 67%
  - Gotten a little worse: 12%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 5.4%

**BY ETHNICITY, JUNE 5**

- **Black**
  - Improved a lot: 1%
  - Improved a little: 7.1%
  - About the same: 74%
  - Gotten a little worse: 6.3%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 15%

- **Asian**
  - Improved a lot: 9.6%
  - Improved a little: 13%
  - About the same: 75%
  - Gotten a little worse: 7.1%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 13%

- **Latino**
  - Improved a lot: 2.1%
  - Improved a little: 9.3%
  - About the same: 68%
  - Gotten a little worse: 13%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 11%

- **White**
  - Improved a lot: 1%
  - Improved a little: 13%
  - About the same: 76%
  - Gotten a little worse: 4.1%
  - Gotten a lot worse: 0.8%

Notes: The margin of error is +/- 3.1 percentage points. Low income is defined as at or below 138% of the federal poverty guidelines (PDF). Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Source: CHCF/Ipsos survey of California residents age 18 and older.
Methodology
This survey was conducted online in Ipsos’s Omnibus using the web-enabled “KnowledgePanel,” a probability-based panel designed to be representative of the California general population, not just the online population. It was conducted in English and in Spanish. The study consisted of 1,131 representative interviews conducted among California residents who are at least 18 years old between May 29, 2020, and June 3, 2020. The margin of error is +/-3.1 percentage points.

About the Foundation
The California Health Care Foundation is dedicated to advancing meaningful, measurable improvements in the way the health care delivery system provides care to the people of California, particularly those with low incomes and those whose needs are not well served by the status quo. We work to ensure that people have access to the care they need, when they need it, at a price they can afford.

CHCF informs policymakers and industry leaders, invests in ideas and innovations, and connects with changemakers to create a more responsive, patient-centered health care system.

For more information, visit www.chcf.org.