

The Coming Debate Over The Future of the Affordable Care Act

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Possible avenues for repealing and replacing the ACA

- ACA advocates pushing for a simultaneous repeal and replace vote.
- Likely approach is "repeal and delay," followed by development of a replacement plan.
- Key considerations for ACA critics: a fast repeal vote, and the potential to repeal major components of the ACA through budget reconciliation with a 51 vote majority in the Senate.
- Model is HR 3762, passed by Congress in early 2016 and vetoed by the President.
 - Repeal of ACA premium subsidies and Medicaid expansion, with a delayed effective date.
 - Immediate repeal of the individual mandate and ACA tax increases.
 - No change to the ACA's insurance rules, including guaranteed access for people with pre-existing conditions.
- Key issue: How long to delay the effective date for repeal?



Consequences and risks of repeal and delay

- With no replacement in place, health coverage for at least 20 million people is at risk.
- A replacement for the ACA would still likely require 60 votes in the Senate, which would need to be bipartisan based on the current partisan makeup.
- Repeal of the ACA's tax revenues would make development of a replacement more difficult, requiring scaled back benefits or new revenues or spending reductions.
- There is significant risk of a "death spiral" and insurer exits in the individual insurance market in the short-term.
 - Insurers would be required to guarantee coverage to people with pre-existing conditions, with no individual mandate to push healthy people to get covered.
 - Insurers would also face uncertainty surrounding the future of the ACA, with an already fragile market in some states.
 - Added risk: Potential for cost-sharing subsidies to end under House v. Burwell.
 - Transitional relief could mitigate the risks.



ACA replacement proposals

- Major proposals include:
 - House GOP: A Better Way
 - Representative Price: Empowering Patients First Act
 - Senators Burr and Hatch, Representative Upton: Patient Choice, Affordability, Responsibility, and Empowerment Act
 - Senator Cassidy and Representative Sessions: Healthcare Accessibility, Empowerment, and Liberty Act of 2016 (aka "The World's Greatest Health Care Bill Ever")
- None of these proposals have been voted on or analyzed by the Congressional Budget Office, and some have not been turned into legislative language.
- Details matter a lot!
- President-elect Trump has not (yet) provided much detail on his plans for health care.



Potential elements of ACA replacement proposals

- Preservation of the ACA's requirement for coverage of dependents up to age 26.
- Less regulation of health plan benefits.
- No individual or employer requirements.
- More modest protections for people with pre-existing conditions in the individual insurance market.
 - Guaranteed access only for those with continuous coverage.
 - Premium surcharges for people with coverage gaps.
 - Federal grants for state high-risk pools.
- More allowed variation in premiums based on age and gender.
- Refundable tax credits that vary by age.
- Sales of insurance across state lines.
- Capping federal funding for Medicaid through a block grant or per capita cap.
- Capping the tax exemption for employer-provided health benefits.



Some long-term questions to consider under an ACA alternative

- What would be the impact on the number of people uninsured and on the adequacy of coverage people receive?
- Could low and middle income people afford health insurance and health care?
- How accessible is insurance for people with pre-existing conditions?
- How is the plan paid for and what is the impact on the federal budget?
- Does the plan address rising health care costs?
- Are there mechanisms and resources for states to go further if they wish?





Trying to figure out what might happen with the ACA and repeal and replace feels kind of like this.



