Defining the Terms: POLST, Advance Directives, and California’s Infrastructure

Judy Thomas, JD
Executive Director
Coalition for Compassionate Care of California

CHCF Sacramento Briefing
December 3, 2014
What Is POLST?

- A physician order recognized throughout the health care system
- Brightly colored, standardized, and portable document that transfers with the patient
- Enables individuals to choose medical treatments they want to receive and identify those they do not want
- Provides direction for health care providers during serious illness
| **A** Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR): | If patient has no pulse and is not breathing. If patient is NOT in cardiopulmonary arrest, follow orders in Sections B and C. |
| Check One | |
| □ Attempt Resuscitation/CPR | (Selecting CPR in Section A requires selecting Full Treatment in Section B) |
| □ Do Not Attempt Resuscitation/DNR | (Allow Natural Death) |

| **B** Medical Interventions: | If patient is found with a pulse and/or is breathing. |
| Check One | |
| □ Full Treatment – primary goal of prolonging life by all medically effective means. In addition to treatment described in Selective Treatment and Comfort-Focused Treatment, use intubation, advanced airway interventions, mechanical ventilation, and cardioversion as indicated. |
| □ Trial Period of Full Treatment. |
| □ Selective Treatment – goal of treating medical conditions while avoiding burdensome measures. In addition to treatment described in Comfort-Focused Treatment, use medical treatment, IV antibiotics, and IV fluids as indicated. Do not intubate. May use non-invasive positive airway pressure. Generally avoid intensive care. |
| □ Request transfer to hospital only if comfort needs cannot be met in current location. |
| □ Comfort-Focused Treatment – primary goal of maximizing comfort. Relieve pain and suffering with medication by any route as needed; use oxygen, suctioning, and manual treatment of airway obstruction. Do not use treatments listed in Full and Selective Treatment unless consistent with comfort goal. Request transfer to hospital only if comfort needs cannot be met in current location. |

**Additional Orders:**

| **C** Artificially Administered Nutrition: | Offer food by mouth if feasible and desired. |
| Check One | |
| □ Long-term artificial nutrition, including feeding tubes. Additional Orders: |
| □ Trial period of artificial nutrition, including feeding tubes. |
| □ No artificial means of nutrition, including feeding tubes. |

| **D** Information and Signatures: | |
| | Discuss with: |
| | □ Patient (Patient Has Capacity) |
| | □ Legally Recognized Decisionmaker |
| | □ Advance Directive dated ______ available and reviewed → Healthcare Agent if named in Advance Directive: |
| | □ Advance Directive not available |
| | □ No Advance Directive |
| | Name: |
| | Phone: |

**Signature of Physician**
My signature below indicates to the best of my knowledge that these orders are consistent with the patient’s medical condition and preferences.

Print Physician Name: ____________________________
Physician Phone Number: _________________________
Physician License Number: ________________________
Physician Signature (required): ____________________ Date: ____________

**Signature of Patient or Legally Recognized Decisionmaker**
I am aware that this form is voluntary. By signing this form, the legally recognized decisionmaker acknowledges that this request regarding resuscitative measures is consistent with the known desires of, and with the best interest of, the patient who is the subject of the form.

Print Name: ____________________________
Relationship: (Write text if patient) ____________________________
Signature (required): ____________________________ Date: ____________

Mailing Address (street/city/state/zip): ____________________________
Phone Number: ____________________________ Office Use Only: ____________________________

SEND FORM WITH PATIENT WHENEVER TRANSFERRED OR DISCHARGED

*Form versions with effective dates of 1/1/2009 or 4/1/2011 are also valid*
### HIPAA PERMITS DISCLOSURE OF POLST TO OTHER HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS AS NECESSARY

#### Patient Information
Name (last, first, middle): | Date of Birth: | Gender: M F
---|---|---

#### Healthcare Provider Assisting with Form Preparation
☐ NA/If POLST is completed by signing physician
Name: | Title: | Phone Number:
---|---|---

#### Additional Contact
☐ None
Name: | Relationship to Patient: | Phone Number:
---|---|---

### Directions for Healthcare Provider
#### Completing POLST
- Completing a POLST form is voluntary. California law requires that a POLST form be followed by healthcare providers, and provides immunity to those who comply in good faith. In the hospital setting, a patient will be assessed by a physician who will issue appropriate orders that are consistent with the patient’s preferences.
- POLST does not replace the Advance Directive. When available, review the Advance Directive and POLST form to ensure consistency, and update forms appropriately to resolve any conflicts.
- POLST must be completed by a healthcare provider based on patient preferences and medical indications.
- A legally recognized decisionmaker may include a court-appointed conservator or guardian, agent designated in an Advance Directive, orally designated surrogate, spouse, registered domestic partner, parent of a minor, closest available relative, or person whom the patient’s physician believes best knows what is in the patient’s best interest and will make decisions in accordance with the patient’s expressed wishes and values to the extent known.
- A legally recognized decisionmaker may execute the POLST form only if the patient lacks capacity or has designated that the decisionmaker’s authority is effective immediately.
- POLST must be signed by a physician and the patient or decisionmaker to be valid. Verbal orders are acceptable with follow-up signature by physician in accordance with facility/community policy.
- If a translated form is used with patient or decisionmaker, attach it to the signed English POLST form.
- Use of original form is strongly encouraged. Photocopies and FAXes of signed POLST forms are legal and valid. A copy should be retained in patient’s medical record, on Ultra Pink paper when possible.

#### Using POLST
- Any incomplete section of POLST implies full treatment for that section.
  - Section A:
    - If found pulseless and not breathing, no defibrillator (including automated external defibrillators) or chest compressions should be used on a patient who has chosen “Do Not Attempt Resuscitation.”
  - Section B:
    - When comfort cannot be achieved in the current setting, the patient, including someone with “Comfort-Focused Treatment,” should be transferred to a setting able to provide comfort (e.g., treatment of a hip fracture).
    - Non-invasive positive airway pressure includes continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP), bi-level positive airway pressure (BPAP), and bag valve mask (BVM) assisted respirations.
    - IV antibiotics and hydration generally are not “Comfort-Focused Treatment.”
    - Treatment of dehydration prolongs life. If a patient desires IV fluids, indicate “Selective Treatment” or “Full Treatment.”
    - Depending on local EMS protocol, “Additional Orders” written in Section B may not be implemented by EMS personnel.

#### Reviewing POLST
- It is recommended that POLST be reviewed periodically. Review is recommended when:
  - The patient is transferred from one care setting or care level to another, or
  - There is a substantial change in the patient’s health status, or
  - The patient’s treatment preferences change.

#### Modifying and Voiding POLST
- A patient with capacity can, at any time, request alternative treatment or revoke a POLST by any means that indicates intent to revoke. It is recommended that revocation be documented by drawing a line through Sections A through D, writing “VOID” in large letters, and signing and dating this line.
- A legally recognized decisionmaker may request to modify the orders, in collaboration with the physician, based on the known desires of the patient or, if unknown, the patient’s best interests.

---

*This form is approved by the California Emergency Medical Services Authority in cooperation with the statewide POLST Task Force. For more information or a copy of the form, visit www.caPOLST.org.*

---

**SEND FORM WITH PATIENT WHENEVER TRANSFERRED OR DISCHARGED**
Why POLST (vs. Advance Directive)?

- Age 18
  - Complete an Advance Directive
  - Update Advance Directive Periodically
  - Diagnosed with Serious or Chronic, Progressive Illness *(at any age)*
    - Complete a POLST Form
    - Treatment Wishes Honored
## POLST vs. Advance Health Care Directive

### POLST
- For seriously ill/frail, at any age
- Physician orders for medical treatment
- Can be signed by decisionmaker

### AHCD
- For anyone 18 and older
- General instructions for treatment
- Appoints decisionmaker
Who Would Benefit from Having a POLST Conversation?

- Chronic, progressive illness
- Serious health condition
- Medically frail
The POLST Conversation

• POLST is **not** just a check-box form
• The POLST conversation provides context for patients and families to:
  • Make informed choices
  • Identify goals of treatment
POLST in California

- Local Coalitions
- Coalition for Compassionate Care
- Physician Leadership Council
- California HealthCare Foundation
- POLST Task Force
- POLST Trainers
POLST in California

POLST Local Coalitions

Alameda/Contra Costa area
Antelope Valley area
Bakersfield area
Central Coast area
Central Valley area
Chico metropolitan area
Humboldt area
Los Angeles (West L.A.) area
Marin area
Mendocino area
Monterey area
Orange County area
Greater Pasadena area

Riverside/San Bernardino area
Sacramento area
San Diego area
San Fernando/Santa Clarita Valley area
San Francisco area
Santa Clara/San Jose area
San Mateo area
Santa Barbara area
Santa Cruz area
Sonoma area
Stanislaus/San Joaquin area
Woodland/Yolo area
POLST in California

- California Assembly Bill (AB) 3000 authorizes the use of POLST throughout the state.
- Signed into law on August 4, 2008, AB 3000 amended the California Probate Code to add a recognition of Physician Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment (POLST) forms to the current recognition of “do not resuscitate” (DNR) forms.

Effective January 1, 2009
Why Have a POLST Registry?

- Provides access to the POLST forms when needed and makes POLST “actionable”
- Enables providers to know patient preferences for care
- Ensures completeness of the form (such as, all signatures present)
- Allows for research to look at effectiveness of POLST forms
Why Focus a Registry on POLST?

- Targeted to those likely to need medical intervention
- Designed for use in split second
- Standardized form
- Health care provider involved in completion
- There’s a community that “owns” POLST
Voluntary vs. Mandatory

- **Always voluntary for patients**
  - Whether to complete the form
  - Choice to not have form in the registry

- **Always mandatory for providers**
  - To honor POLST form
  - To take steps to help ensure wishes honored
    - By submitting form to registry unless patient chooses otherwise
Lessons from Other Registries

- California: Existing registry for advance directives with the secretary of state
- Proprietary: Several advance directive registries exist but not integrated into health system
- Oregon: Best example – high volume and high use
Registry Challenges

- Technology: Accuracy of matching patients with forms in registry
- Operations: Multiple EMS providers across California with different protocols and technology capability
- Sustainability: Financing to establish and maintain statewide
Current Efforts in California

- POLST Task Force
  - Registry and Technology Committee
- California HealthCare Foundation
  - Feasibility study completed
  - Issue brief to be released
  - Scoping effort underway
Summary

- POLST is a medical order for people who are seriously ill
- POLST is well penetrated in the California health system
- A POLST registry would ensure access to individual wishes about preferences for care