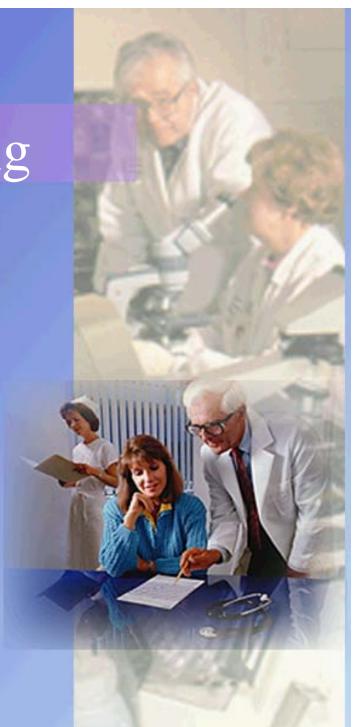
SCHC and E-Prescribing

C. Dean Germano, MHSc Chief Executive Officer Shasta Community Health Center Redding, California



Shasta Community Health Center – Federally Qualified Health Center based in Shasta County, CA.











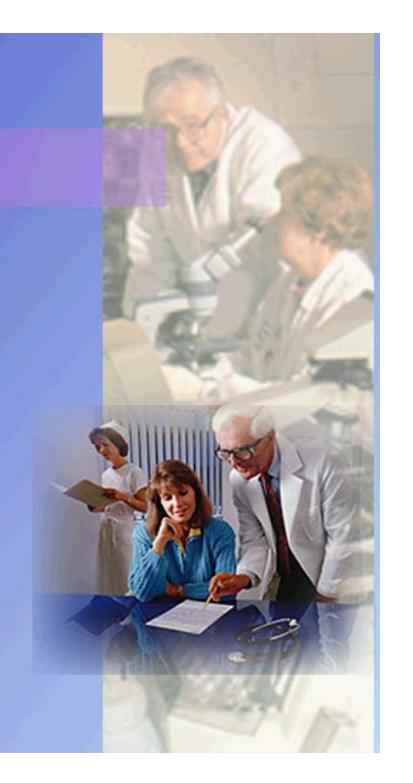
• 40,000 unduplicated patients, one in four residents of Shasta County, CA.

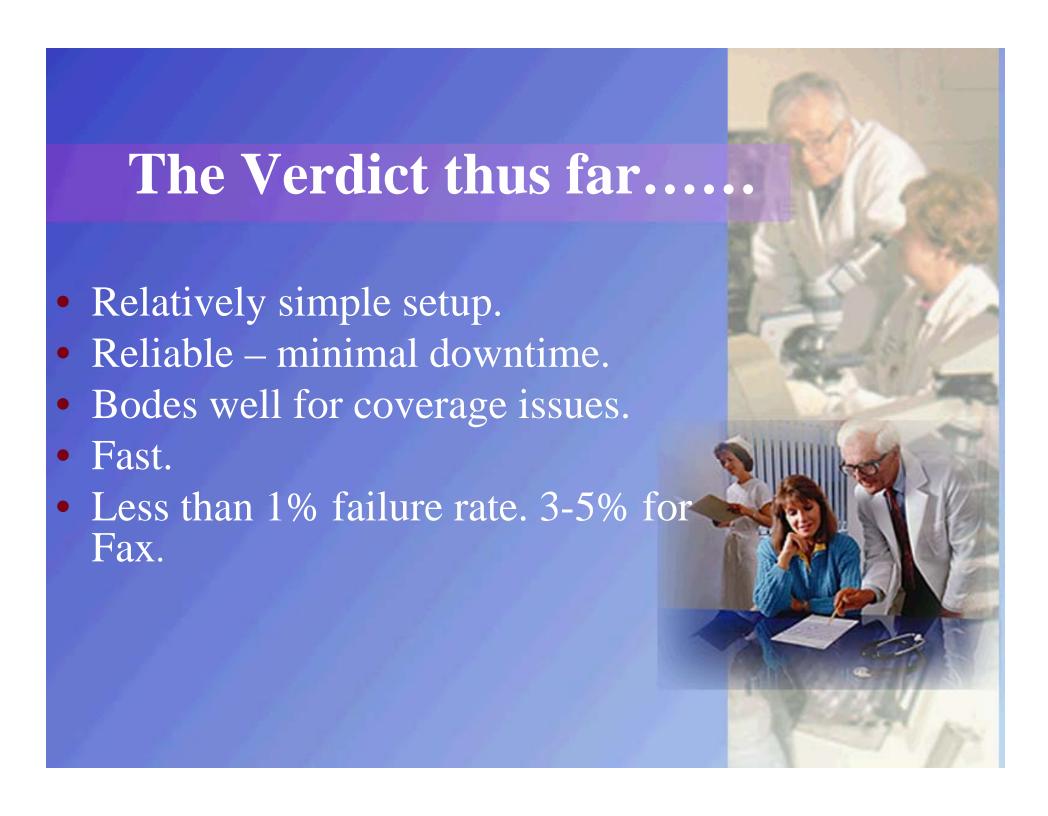
• Over 130,000 patient visits per year providing primary, specialty, oral health and mental health services.

• Over 90% of those served live below federal poverty lines.

A little History

- SCHC went live on e-Prescribing in May 2007 over 160,000 ERx scripts so far and counting!
- Platform: SureScripts and NextGen.
- Took a "phased approach."
- It is today our "preferred" method for sending prescriptions and managing refills.





	•				24 Year(s) Old Male	e i
Status	Medication	Method	Start Date	Sig	Stop Date	Cr
Active	ASPIRIN	100% MISCELL POWDER	1/15/2009	Take 1 tablet by mouth monthly	04/08/2009	Ca
Active	AMOXICILLIN (amoxicillin trih	250MG/5ML ORAL SUSP RECON	1/15/2009	Take 1 teaspoon by mouth twice daily		Vo
Active	PRILOSEC (omeprazole)	20MG ORAL CAPSULE DR	1/15/2009	Take 1 tablet by mouth daily□□□□Prevacid DC'd	02/08/2009	Cas
Inactive	IBUPROFEN	100MG ORAL TABLET	7/11/2008	Take 1 tablet by mouth every twelve hours as nee	10/02/2008	Sta
Inactive	ASPIRIN	325MG ORAL TABLET	5/1/2008	Take 1 tablet by mouth daily Testing Jeff	05/09/2008	Kitz

a Print la Erx → la Renew → la Stop	→ 🔑 Interactions → 🦅	🔚 Education → Dose Range 📗 🔀 Delete 📑 Eligibility 📑 Medication History							
(amoxicillin trihydrate) 250MG/5ML ORAL SUSP RECON teaspoon by mouth twice daily Remove Sig									
oblem									
<u>ite</u>									
/2009 ▼ Stop Date:	☐ PRN	Reason:							
Duration: Refills: 0	☐ Sample	Lot # Exp:/							
	Limit Renewals								
	Prescribe Elsewhere	re Site:							
DO, Rhett	☐ Prior Authorization	Auth Id: Date://							
hasta Community Health Center	Dispense As Written	en Units:							
Times Renewed:	Full History	Dispense History							

Advantages of ERx

Patient Safety Reduced Costs Increased	
Efficiencies	
✓ Reduce ✓ Ease of use adverse drug prescription refills events management ✓ Reduce call ✓ Reduce drug from pharma seeking ✓ Reduce ✓ Reduce fax behavior malpractice issues due to adverse drug events ✓ Reduce interface costs	ll backs acies



Other Advantages

• E prescribing software has built in checks for safety, precision/ accuracy.

• We use RNs to assist clinicians in the refill process using standardized protocols.

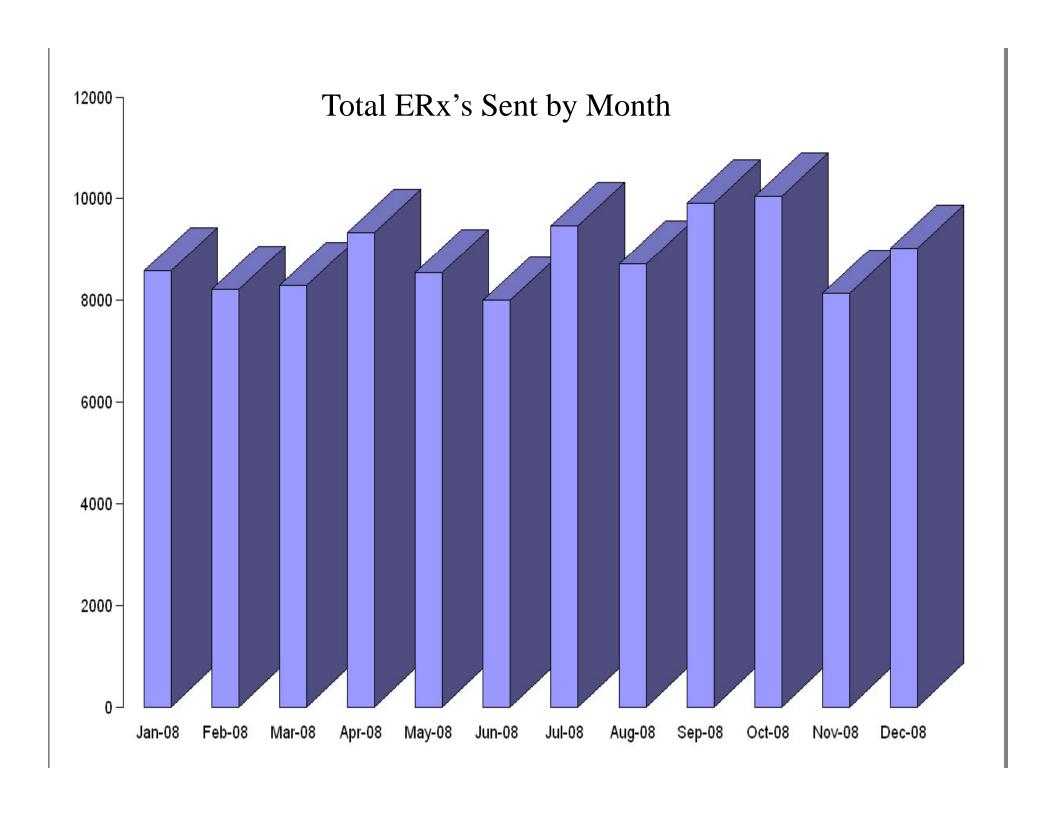
• Software allows for group coverage assignments so that nothing gets missed or neglected.

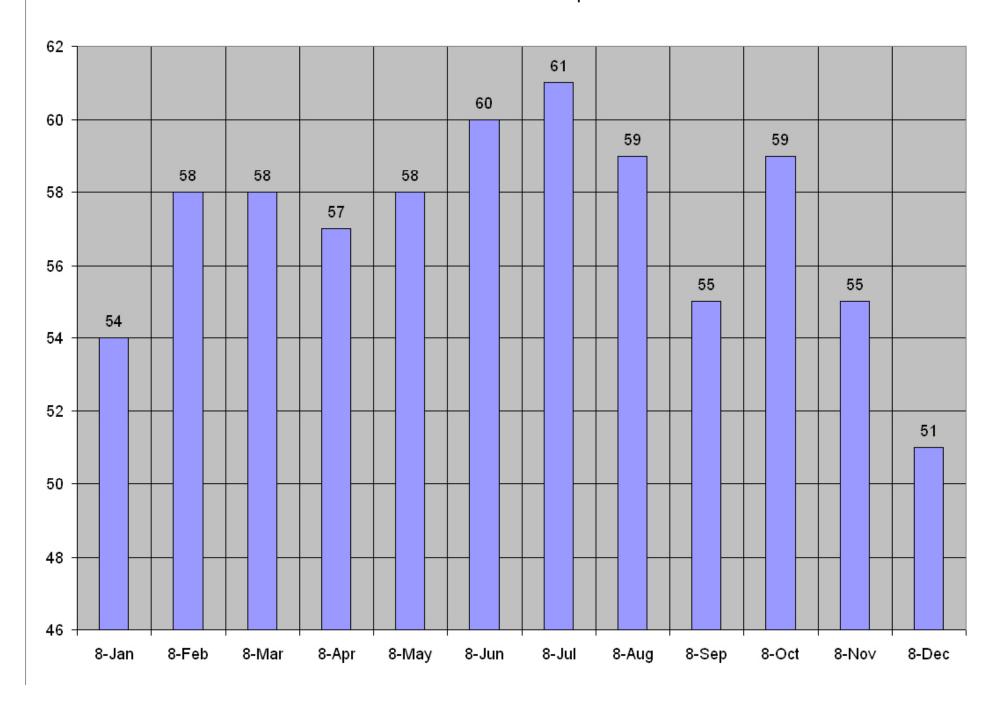
Other Advantages

• Once clinicians gain command of the ERx capability they much prefer it over paper systems.

• The RN refill process is a great clinician satisfier in that it increases face time with the patient.

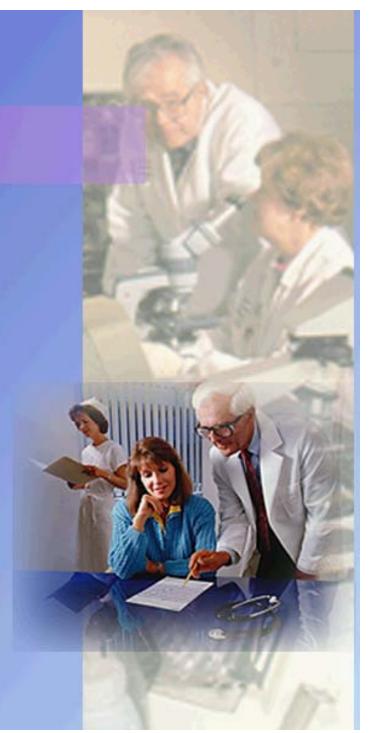
• Patients seem to have noticed the improved turn around time of refills and we receive less complaints from late refills.





Considerations

- Smaller pharmacies
 - Can they handle this?
 - Often they will have to do major upgrades to manage ERx effectively.
 - Adjustments to your processes may be necessary.



More Considerations

- Proximity
 - In-house pharmacies may experience delays.
 - Scripts must pass validation.
 - This can take up to 10 minutes.
 - Often patient can arrive before script.
 - Not an issue for outside pharmacies.



Network Traffic

- Peak times can slow delivery.
- Lunch and end of the day are typical slowdowns.



Limitations

• Schedule II medications are not supported by ERx because of federal law prohibiting it.

 Requires separate work processes for Schedule II meds.

• Specialized paper (expensive, require special security).



Implications of Schedule II ERx Limitations

- Require separate work process.
- Increases costs.
- Tend to put all meds on same security pad thereby defeating the purpose of ERx.
- No evidence that ERx is any less secure than paper system.
- Limits advantages of the ERx refill processes.

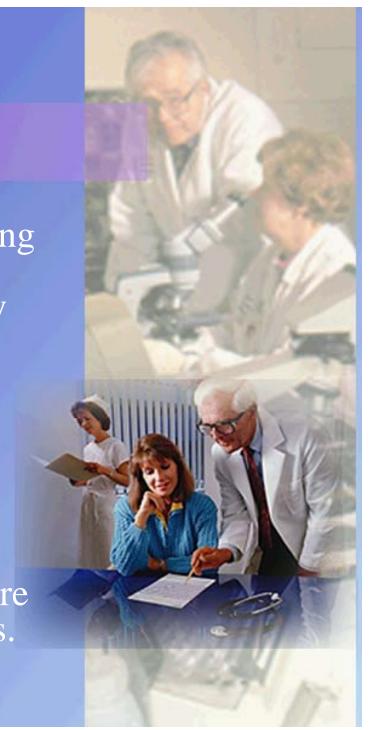


Rx Hub and Medi-Cal Historical Data

• Future advantages include: getting accurate medication history e.g. elderly patients; patients seen by other clinicians.

• Helps to prevent drug seeking behavior.

• Helps to identify potential drug interactions when medications are prescribed by multiple providers.





• Limited number of participating payers.

• No process or law requiring pharmacies to upload cash paying patients into e-prescribing reporting system— avenue for drug seekers to hide.

• Medi-Cal is requiring a special consent by patients for us to access medication data.

Policy Implications

• Work with DEA and federal legislation to allow ERx to be used with Schedule II meds.

 There should be software standardization among platforms for pharmacies and ERx vendors (e.g. Allscripts, Surescripts, etc.).



Policy Implications

• Within a reasonable time frame (say a year) all pharmacies licensed in California must be ERx ready and willing to participate with clinicians/practices.

 Consent process should not be a barrier but follow good medical practice HIPAA guidelines – re: continuity of care and patient safety – no artificial barriers.

Policy Implication

• ERx can be the first step in a "Community EMR" portal system by which health information can be shared in a HIPAA compliant way between several clinicians/organizations (e.g. ERs, medical groups, public health, etc.) in a community.