

CALIFORNIA'S SAFETY-NET POPULATION

HAS **LITTLE**
to
SPEND
ON HEALTH CARE

ANNUAL INCOME



\$71,550

300% OF THE 2014 FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL

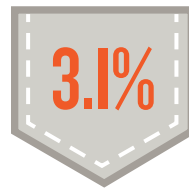


\$35,010



3/10 CALIFORNIANS
FALL INTO THE SAFETY-NET CATEGORY

SPENDS **MORE**
of
THEIR OWN MONEY
ON HEALTH CARE



3.1%

**OF
MEDIAN
INCOME**

SAFETY-NET
POPULATION



1.6%

**OF
MEDIAN
INCOME**

NON-SAFETY-NET
POPULATION

HAS **LESS**
SPENT ON THEM
by
**INSURERS AND GOV'T
PROGRAMS**

**PER MEMBER
PER MONTH**

\$112

SAFETY-NET POPULATION

**MORE THAN 3X MORE
PER MEMBER PER MONTH**

\$367

NON-SAFETY-NET POPULATION

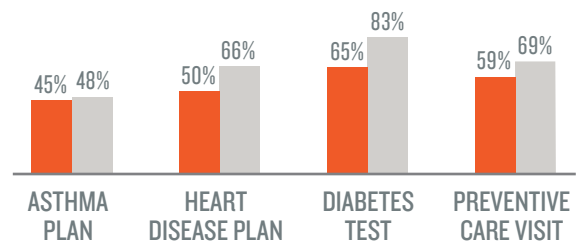
RESULT:
**CARE
SUFFERS**

LESS LIKELY TO HAVE PREVENTIVE CARE

9%
DELAY CARE
DUE TO COST



SAFETY-NET POPULATION NON-SAFETY-NET POPULATION



THOSE WITH **LESS SPEND MORE*** AND GET **LESS**

*as a percentage of income

Note: The safety-net population is defined as those enrolled in a public program or who are uninsured and earn less than 300% of the federal poverty level (FPL). The non-safety-net population includes those who are privately insured and earn less than 300% FPL or those who earn at least 300% FPL (insured and uninsured). Excludes Medicare recipients unless they were also eligible for Medi-Cal. "Diabetes Test" reflects the percentage of adult patients with diabetes having at least one A1C hemoglobin test. Asthma plan and heart disease plan data reflect the percentage of adult population with that condition who were given a management plan. **Source:** Blue Sky Consulting Group analysis of the 2013–2014 California Health Interview Survey, UCLA Center for Health Policy Research; Blue Sky Consulting Group analysis of the 2012 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey data. © 2016 California HealthCare Foundation.

For more information, see *California's Health Care Safety Net: A Sector in Transition* (www.chcf.org/california-safety-net).